

A40B Series Precision Current Shunts

Precision, low inductance shunts for dc and ac current metrology

Technical Data

The Fluke A40B Precision Current Shunts simplify and improve metrology for dc and ac current. Used to measure current from 1 mA to 100 A, the shunts ensure reliable and traceable results. For many applications, improved resistor technology enables you to make accurate ac current measurements in a single step, instead of using traditional, more complex ac/dc transfer methods.





Intended for broad coverage of current measurement applications, the A40B Set consists of 14 low-inductance coaxial current shunts, leads, adapters and connectors, plus a rugged case for transit and storage. Together they cover a wide workload that includes electrical calibrators, electrical power standards, current sources, transconductance amplifiers, and more. You can purchase the entire set or individual shunts as required for your application and budget.

Designed for top performance and ease of use

The physical construction and the components used in the current shunts ensure that the frequency response is very flat (amplitude displacement error relative to dc resistance). The phase displacement

at 100 kHz is small enough to be neglected in all but the highest accuracy measurements. Combined with excellent dc resistance stability, the shunts can be used to directly measure current through their full bandwidth. This simplifies precision ac current measurements, so the complex ac/dc transfer measurement process will no longer be necessary for many precision current measurement applications.

The low phase shift error is critical for measurement of non sinusoidal wave shapes, as found in power quality or sampling digital wattmeter measurement applications.

The A40B current shunts feature a radial design for high performance with minimum interference from external magnetic fields. The open design maximizes air flow so the shunts have minimal power coefficient effects, enabling them to be used over a wide range of currents with stable resistance.

A40B features at a glance

- Simplify calibration/verification of precision calibrators and current sources
- Shunts sized for currents from 1 mA to 100 A
- Usable from dc to 100 kHz
- 14 individual shunts with a 1, 2, 5 sequence over six decades of current
- Simple direct measurements, making ac/dc transfers unnecessary
- Stability typically better then \pm 5.0 $\mu\Omega/\Omega$ for one year
- Typical angular accuracy of better than ± 0.003° at 1 kHz



Widest range available in commercial shunts

The A40B shunts come in four sizes and a wide range of currents:

- Four fully enclosed shunts: 1 mA, 10 mA, 20 mA, 50 mA
- Five small radial shunts: 100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A
- Three medium radial shunts: 5 A, 10 A, 20 A
- Two large radial shunts: 50 A, 100 A

An external cooling fan is not required. The shunts are the first commercially available product to feature this design.

The 4-terminal design completely isolates measured voltage from extraneous current path resistance. Current does not flow in the voltage circuit, allowing you to measure with the highest

Optional adapters allow you to make connections with commonly used N connectors as well as LC connectors for high current applications.

The 1 mA shunt includes an internal battery operated buffer amplifier to isolate the voltage measurement circuit from the current circuit. This enables you to use the shunt to make low current measurements at optimal voltage levels, while eliminating the effects of input impedance of the measurement device.

Single step convenience

In the past, complex ac/dc transfer techniques were required to verify ac current functions on calibrators. With current accuracy to 20 ppm and excellent dc resistance stability, the A40B shunts measure ac currently directly through their full bandwidth. For

many applications, ac-dc transfer measurements will not be necessary. A simple measurement of the shunt, using a precision digital multimeter like the Fluke 8508A, can reduce measurement complexity by two thirds.

Versatile solutions for many applications

The shunts' output voltage is nominal at 0.8 V, making them compatible with a wide range of devices including precision digital multimeters, ac-dc transfer standards, ac measurement standards, thermal voltage converters and sampling digital multimeters.

Low inductance and low phase displacement make the A40B shunts an excellent fit for power measurement or digital sampling wattmeter measurement applications where phase accuracy and stability are critical.

The wide current range allows verification of high current transconductance amplifiers.

Report of traceable calibration included

The A40B series comes standard with a report of traceable calibration including data. An optional ISO 17025 accredited report of calibration is available.



Electrical Specifications

Absolute accuracy

The following table shows the 1-year absolute accuracy specification stated at k=2, approximately 95 % confidence for the calibrated value. The specifications include 1-year stability, temperature effects over TCal \pm 1 °C, and the measurement uncertainty of the calibrated value.

Shunt	Nominal Specification \pm μ A/A, TCal ± 1 °C, \leq 50 % RH ^{1,2,3,5}					5
Nominal Current	Resistance (Ohms)	DC	1 kHz	10 kHz	30 kHz	100 kHz
1 mA ⁴	800	20	55	75	75	150
10 mA	80	20	26	26	26	26
20 mA	40	20	26	26	26	26
50 mA	16	20	23	23	23	23
100 mA	8	20	24	24	24	24
200 mA	4	20	26	26	26	26
500 mA	1.6	21	27	27	27	28
1 A	0.8	21	27	28	28	31
2 A	0.4	21	27	30	30	48
5 A	0.16	21	31	32	40	71
10 A	0.08	26	37	60	61	92
20 A	0.04	26	43	52	70	113
50 A	0.016	32	55	80	81	144
100 A	0.008	35	65	90	98	174

 $^{^{1}\,\}text{The measured current is determined from:}\ I = (V/R_{calibrated}) \times (1 + (AC-DC_{calibrated}/1,000,000));\ where\ AC-DC_{calibrated}$ is expressed in ppm.

Resistance

Shunt Nominal Current	Nominal Resistance (Ohms)	Maximum Deviation from Nominal Resistance $(\pm \mu\Omega/\Omega)^2$	Uncertainty of Calibrated Value at 95 % Confidence $(\pm \mu\Omega/\Omega)$ TCal \pm 1 °C	12 Month Stability $(\pm \mu\Omega/\Omega)^{1,2}$	Temperature Coefficient (± ppm/°C) ²	Power Coefficient Multiplier (± ppm) ^{2,3}
1 mA	800	250	8.2	18	5	1
10 mA	80	250	6.8	18	2.5	1
20 mA	40	250	8.2	18	4.5	1
50 mA	16	250	8.3	18	4.5	1
100 mA	8	250	8.3	18	2.5	2
200 mA	4	250	8.6	18	3.5	4
500 mA	1.6	250	9.6	18	4.5	13
1 A	0.8	250	9.3	18	4.5	26
2 A	0.4	250	9.4	18	4.5	26
5 A	0.16	250	9.9	18	4.5	30
10 A	0.08	250	15	18	4.5	65
20 A	0.04	250	14	18	4.5	78
50 A	0.016	250	24	18	4.5	105
100 A	0.008	250	28	18	4.5	105

¹ Stability specification combines long term change due to aging (permanent) and short term fluctuation due to humidity changes when shunts are used and stored within specified humidity limits. Add 20 ppm if humidity is >50 % RH).

$$1 - \left(\frac{I_{Applied}}{I_{Nominal}}\right)^2$$

² Above 1 kHz interpolate the specification $\{s_i\}$ between frequencies f_{upper} and f_{lower} using: $s_i = s_{lower} + (f_i - f_{lower}) \times (s_{upper} - s_{lower}) \div (f_{upper} - f_{lower})$

³ Add 20 μA/A if relative humidity is outside specification limits.

⁴ 1 mA specifications apply with the battery charger disconnected.

⁵ Specifications assume no loading effects due to the voltage-sensing device. See Output Voltage Measurement – Loading Effects in the operating information.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Assume rectangular distribution when combining with other uncertainty contributions.

² Assume rectangular distribution when combining with other discontant, of the state of power coefficient at the nominal current. For currents other than nominal, apply the correction for power coefficient from: $Correction = Power_Coefficient_Multiplier \times \left[1 - \left(\frac{I_{Applied}}{I_{Nominal}}\right)^{2}\right]$

⁴ TCal = ambient temperature at calibration.

Maximum AC-DC difference

Shunt Nominal	Maximum AC-DC Difference (± ppm) ^{1,2}				
Current	1 kHz	10 kHz	30 kHz	100 kHz	
1 mA ³	53	72	72	150	
10 mA	20	20	20	40	
20 mA	18	18	19	30	
50 mA	13	13	14	16	
100 mA	14	15	17	27	
200 mA	17	17	18	28	
500 mA	17	17	17	21	
1 A	17	19	19	23	
2 A	17	22	22	44	
5 A	23	24	34	69	
10 A	28	55	58	98	
20 A	37	51	80	150	
50 A	47	75	79	180	
100 A	60	90	120	300	

¹ Specifications indicate the maximum flatness deviation from dc, and include both measured AC-DC difference and the uncertainty of measurement. They are stated at k=2, approximately 95 % confidence.

Maximum overload current

Shunt Nominal Current	Maximum Current < 5 seconds ¹	Maximum Sustained Current ²
1 mA	3 mA	2 mA ³
10 mA	150 mA	20 mA
20 mA	250 mA	40 mA
50 mA	450 mA	100 mA
100 mA	1.2 A	200 mA
200 mA	1.7 A	400 mA
500 mA	2.7 A	1 A

Shunt Nominal Current	Maximum Current < 5 seconds ¹	Maximum Sustained Current ²
1 A	3.9 A	1.3 A
2 A	5.5 A	2.2 A
5 A	17 A	5.5 A
10 A	24 A	11 A
20 A	42 A	22 A
50 A	95 A	55 A
100 A	190 A	110 A

 $[\]overline{^{1}}$ Longer than 5 seconds may cause permanent damage to the shunt. The output voltage may be considerably higher than 0.8 V.

Typical phase displacement

Typical Phase Displacement						
Shunt Nominal Current	1 kHz	10 kHz	100 kHz			
1 mA to 200 mA	< 0.001 °	< 0.006 °	< 0.060 °			
500 mA to 2 A	< 0.003 °	< 0.030 °	< 0.300 °			
2 A to 20 A	< 0.008 °	< 0.075 °	< 0.750 °			
20 A to 100 A	< 0.013 °	< 0.125 °	< 1.250 °			

 $^{^{\}rm 2}\,\mbox{Includes}$ 1-year stability of the AC-DC difference.

 $^{^3}$ Specifications for the 1 mA current shunt are for TCal \pm 1 $^{\circ}\text{C}.$

² Exceeding maximum sustained current may cause a resistance value step change.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ 1 mA shunt batteries should be fully charged to ensure performance at 2 mA.



General specifications

Dimensions (maximum)

Shunt Value	Height mm (inches)	Width mm (inches)	Overall Length ¹ mm (inches)
1 mA to 2 A	70 (2.75)	70 (2.75)	124 (4.9)
5 A to 20 A	130 (5)	130 (5)	210 (8.25)
50 A and 100 A	200 (7.9)	200 (7.9)	343 (13.5)

¹ Includes input and output connectors; subject to change by component vendor.

Physical/mechanical parameters

Shunt Value	Weight (maximum) kg (lb)	Input Connector	Output Connecctor
1 mA to 20 A	0.7 (1.6)	Type-N (female)	Type-N (female)
50 A and 100 A	3.4 (7.5)	Type-LC (female)	Type-N (female)

Operating environment

Temperature: 13 °C to 33 °C

Calibration temperature (TCal) range: 18 °C to 28 °C Humidity range for best specification¹,²: ≤ 50 % RH

Altitude: 0 m to 3,000 m

Storage and transit environments

(for models other than the 1 mA current shunt)

Temperature to avoid damage: -20 °C to 140 °C Temperature and humidity to maintain performance1: 5 °C to 45 °C; 15 % to 80 % RH Non-operating altitude: 0 m to 12,000 m

Additional 1 mA current shunt specifications

Output resistance: 8 $m\Omega$

Maximum safe output current: 11 mA (e.g., 1 V

output into 90 Ω)

Maximum capacitive load: 800 pF Output voltage regulation: 15 ppm/100 pF Maximum output dc v offset: $\pm 100 \mu V$

(typical \pm 25 μ V)

Typical error @ 1 MHz: < 2 %

Battery specifications

Battery size: AAA (44.5 mm x 10.5 mm)

Battery technology: Nickel-Metal Hydride (NiMH) Number of batteries required: 8 (in 2 groups of 4) Nominal battery voltage: 1.2 V (4.8 V per group of 4)

Typical battery capacity: 800 mAh Storage and transit environment to preserve the batteries

Less than 90 days: -20 °C to 40 °C Less than one year: -20 °C to 30 °C

Charging time (from fully discharged): 100 minutes

Maximum operating time between charges Maximum output load (11 mA): 18 hours

High impedance load: 24 hours

Recommended cooling period: 100 minutes To prevent loss of battery capacity recharge at least

twice per year.

¹ Resistance stability is affected by humidity, but changes are reversible.

 $^{^{2}\,\}mathrm{If}$ the shunts are calibrated outside this RH, stability specifications will be met as long as the shunts are stored and used at the same relative humidity \pm 10 % RH.

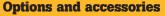
¹ Storage at extremes of temperature or humidity will cause a temporary change of shunt resistance by up to \pm 20 ppm. When subsequently stored or used within the limits of the operating environment, the shunts will recover to their original resistance value within 30



Ordering Information

Models

A40B/SET Complete set of 14 shunts with recommended connectors and adapters, leads and transit case. 1 mA Current Shunt A40B-001MA A40B-010MA 10 mA Current Shunt 20 mA Current Shunt A40B-020MA 50 mA Current Shunt A40B-050MA A40B-100MA 100 mA Current Shunt A40B-200MA 200 mA Current Shunt 500 mA Current Shunt A40B-500MA 1 A Current Shunt A40B-1A A40B-2A 2 A Current Shunt 5 A Current Shunt A40B-5A A40B-10A 10 A Current Shunt A40B-20A 20 A Current Shunt 50 A Current Shunt A40B-50A A40B-100A 100 A Current Shunt



A40B series shunts)

A40B-ADAPT/LC LC Male to LC Male adapter¹

A40B-ADAPT/LCN LC Female to N Male inter-series adapter¹ A40B-LEAD/4MM N to 4 mm double banana connector²

A40B-LEAD/N N male to N male lead¹
A40B-CASE Fiberglass Transit Case

1883673 UKAS Accredited Calibration (Available 2009)

1256990 NVLAP Accredited Calibration (Contact Fluke for availability)

 $^1\mathrm{A}$ quantity of one of this accessory item is included in the A40B/SET $^2\mathrm{A}$ quantity of two of this accessory item is included in the A40B/SET

Specialized accessories (recommended when calibrating

A40B-CAL/LC High current adapter to connect two shunts in series

for measurement (LC to LC)

A40B-CAL/N Low current adapter to connect two shunts in series

for measurement (N to N)

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